Pull out this Reference Guide and take it with you to the polls!

This pull-out reference guide contains summary and contact information for each state proposition appearing on the March 3, 2020, ballot.

Special Notice

- Polls are open from 7:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. on the day indicated in the county Voter Information Guide.
- Instructions on how to vote can be obtained from a poll worker or by reading your county Voter Information Guide.
- New voters may be asked to provide identification or other documentation according to federal law. You have the right to cast a provisional ballot, even if you do not provide the documentation.
- Only eligible voters can vote.
- It is against the law to tamper with voting equipment.
QUICK-REFERENCE GUIDE

Authorizes bonds for facility repair, construction, and modernization at public preschools, K–12 schools, community colleges, and universities. Legislative statute.

SUMMARY
Put on the Ballot by the Legislature

Authorizes $15 billion in state general obligation bonds for construction and modernization of public education facilities. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs to repay bonds estimated at about $740 million per year (including interest) over the next 35 years.

WHAT YOUR VOTE MEANS

YES
A YES vote on this measure means: The state could sell $15 billion in general obligation bonds to fund school, community college, and university facility projects. In addition, school districts and community college districts would be authorized to issue more local bonds, and school districts would have new limits on their ability to levy developer fees.

NO
A NO vote on this measure means: The state could not sell $15 billion in general obligation bonds to fund education facility projects. The state also would not make changes to school districts’ and community college districts’ existing local borrowing limits or the existing rules for school districts to levy developer fees.

ARGUMENTS

PRO

CON
This measure authorizes $15 billion in borrowing, costing taxpayers $27 billion including interest, to build and repair schools. Borrowing is nearly twice as expensive as paying for school construction from the regular budget, which has a huge $21 billion surplus. This is just more government waste. Vote no.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

FOR
Californians for Safe and Healthy Learning, Yes on Prop. 13
info@safeschoolsandhealthylearning.com
YesonProp13.com

AGAINST
Jon Coupal
Howard Jarvis Taxpayers Association
921 11th St. #1201
Sacramento, CA 95814
(916) 444-9950
info@hjta.org
www.hjta.org

Find Your Polling Place or a Vote Center

Polling places and vote centers are established by county elections officials. Look for your polling place address or vote center locations in the county Voter Information Guide that you receive in the mail a few weeks before Election Day.

You may also visit the Secretary of State’s website at vote.ca.gov or call the toll-free Voter Hotline at (800) 345-VOTE (8683).

You can also text Vote to GOVOTE (468683) to find the location of your polling place.

If you live in Amador, Butte, Calaveras, El Dorado, Fresno, Los Angeles, Madera, Mariposa, Napa, Nevada, Orange, Sacramento, San Mateo, Santa Clara, or Tuolumne County, you can vote in any vote center in your county. Visit voterschoice.sos.ca.gov or see page 28 of this guide for more information.

PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY ELECTION RESULTS

Want to see the March 3, 2020, Presidential Primary Election results after the polls close at 8:00 p.m.? Visit the California Secretary of State’s Election Results website at electionresults.sos.ca.gov.

The Election Results website is updated every five minutes on Election Night as counties report results to the Secretary of State. County elections officials send semi-official election results to the Secretary of State’s website after the polls close at 8:00 p.m. and continue to send updates at least every two hours until all Election Day ballots are counted.

Beginning on March 5 through April 2, 2020, the Election Results website will update every day at 5:00 p.m. as counties count the remaining ballots.

The official results of the election will be posted by April 10, 2020, at sos.ca.gov/elections.
Registered to vote as No Party Preference*?

As a voter registered with No Party Preference, if you want to vote for U.S. President, you must request a primary election ballot with presidential candidates from one of the following parties:

- American Independent Party
- Democratic Party
- Libertarian Party

If you vote by mail, you will need to request this ballot from your county elections office.

If you vote at the polls, you can request a ballot when checking in at the polling place.

For more information on this process, visit HowToVoteForPresident.sos.ca.gov.

If you want to vote for the Green, Peace and Freedom, or Republican Parties' presidential candidates, you must re-register with that specific party. To change your voter registration, visit registertovote.ca.gov.

*Voters registered with a non-qualified political party are considered No Party Preference voters.

Registered with a Qualified Political Party?

If you registered with any of the following qualified political parties, you can only vote for that party’s presidential candidates:

- American Independent Party
- Democratic Party
- Green Party
- Libertarian Party
- Peace and Freedom Party
- Republican Party

If you want to vote for another party's presidential candidate, you must re-register with that specific party. To change your registration, visit registertovote.ca.gov.
YOU HAVE THE FOLLOWING RIGHTS:

1. To be counted in the 2020 Census.
   • Every person living in California on April 1, 2020, regardless of citizenship status, must be counted in the census.

2. To participate in the federal decennial census free of threat or intimidation.

3. To confidentiality and privacy.
   • Under federal law (Title 13), the U.S. Census Bureau is NOT allowed to share your individual census responses with the public or with other government agencies, such as immigration and law enforcement.

4. To respond to the census either online, by telephone, or by paper.

5. To request language assistance.
   • The printed census form will be available in only English and Spanish.
   • The online questionnaire and telephone assistance are available in the following languages: Spanish, Chinese, Vietnamese, Korean, Russian, Arabic, Tagalog, Polish, French, Haitian Creole, Portuguese, and Japanese.
   • The U.S. Census Bureau’s Language Assistance Guides will be available in 59 non-English languages, including American Sign Language.

6. To verify the identity of a census employee.
   • If a U.S. Census Bureau employee comes to your door or contacts you, you can ask to see identification or for their name to confirm they work for the Bureau. You have a right to refuse to provide any personal information to someone who comes to your door without federal identification that proves they are a U.S. Census Bureau employee.

SPECIAL NOTICE:

Under California law, a person who does either of the following is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000), or by both a fine and imprisonment:

• Falsely represents that they are a census taker with the intent to interfere with the operation of the census or with the intent to obtain information or consent to an otherwise unlawful search or seizure.

• Falsely assumes some or all of the activities of a census taker with the intent to interfere with the operation of the census or with the intent to obtain information or consent to an otherwise unlawful search or seizure.
By completing the 2020 Census form, you will help your community get resources and funding to:

- **Build better roads and schools**
- **Fund community programs for seniors, children, and families**
- **Improve housing**

**KEY U.S. CENSUS BUREAU DATES IN 2020**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mar 12–20</td>
<td>Invitations to complete the 2020 Census questionnaire online will be mailed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mar 26–Apr 3</td>
<td>Reminder letter will be mailed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apr 1</td>
<td>Census Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apr 8–16</td>
<td>Second reminder and questionnaire will be mailed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apr 20–27</td>
<td>A final reminder letter will be mailed before the Census Bureau follows up in person</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May–July</td>
<td>Primary non-response follow-up operation to households that did not self-respond</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Your 2020 Census data is safe, protected, and confidential. California is committed to ensuring a complete and accurate count of all Californians.

CALIFORNIACENSUS.ORG
#CALIFORNIAFORALL
This section describes the state’s bond debt. It also discusses how the bond measure on the ballot (Proposition 13), if approved by voters, would affect state costs to repay bonds.

**State Bonds and Their Costs**

**What Are Bonds?** Bonds are a way that governments and companies borrow money. The state government uses bonds primarily to pay for the planning, construction, and renovation of infrastructure projects such as bridges, dams, prisons, parks, schools, and office buildings. The state sells bonds to investors to receive “up-front” funding for these projects and then repays the investors, with interest, over a period of time.

**Why Are Bonds Used?** A main reason for issuing bonds is that infrastructure typically provides services over many years. Thus, it is reasonable for people, both currently and in the future, to help pay for the projects. Also, the large costs of these projects can be difficult to pay for all at once.

**What Are the Main Types of Bonds?** The two main types of bonds used by the state are general obligation bonds and revenue bonds. One difference between general obligation bonds and revenue bonds is how they are repaid. The state repays general obligation bonds using the state General Fund (the state’s main operating account, which it uses to pay for education, prisons, health care, and other services). The General Fund is supported primarily by income tax and sales tax revenues. The state repays revenue bonds from the General Fund but also from other sources, such as fees paid by users of the funded project (such as from bridge tolls). Another difference between state general obligation bonds and revenue bonds is how they are approved. General obligation bonds issued by the state have to be approved by voters, while revenue bonds generally do not.

**What Are the Costs of Bond Financing?** After selling bonds, the state makes regular payments typically over the next few decades until the bonds are paid off. (This is very similar to the way a family pays off a mortgage.) The state pays somewhat more for projects it funds through bonds than for projects it funds up-front because of interest. The amount of additional cost depends primarily on the interest rate and the time period over which the bonds have to be repaid.

**State Spending on Bonds**

**Amount of General Fund Debt.** The state has about $80 billion of General Fund-supported bonds on which it is making principal and interest payments each year. In addition, the voters and the Legislature have approved about $42 billion of General Fund-supported bonds that have not yet been sold. Most of these bonds are expected to be sold in the coming years as additional projects need funding. Currently, we estimate that the state is paying about $6 billion annually from the General Fund to repay bonds.

**Proposition on This Ballot.** There is one general obligation bond measure on this ballot. Proposition 13 would allow the state to borrow $15 billion for modernization and construction of
preschool, K–12, and higher education school facilities.

**This Election’s Impact on Debt Payments.** We estimate that the total cost (including interest) to pay off the general obligation bond measure on this ballot would be about $26 billion. This total would equal an average of about $740 million per year over the next 35 years, which is about 13 percent more than the state currently spends from the General Fund on its bond debt. The exact costs would depend on the specific details of the bond sales.

**This Election’s Impact on the Share of State Revenues Used to Repay Debt.** One indicator of the state’s debt situation is the portion of the state’s annual General Fund revenues that must be set aside to pay for bond debt. This is known as the state’s debt-service ratio (DSR). Because these revenues must be used to repay debt, they are not available to spend on other state programs, such as operating colleges or paying for health care. As shown in Figure 1, the DSR is now around 4 percent. If voters do not approve the proposed bond on this ballot, we project that the state’s DSR on already approved bonds will grow over the next couple of years—peaking at about 4.1 percent in 2020–21—and then begin decreasing. If voters approve the proposed general obligation bond on this ballot, we project it would increase the DSR by less than one-half of one percentage point compared to what it would otherwise have been. The state’s future DSR would be higher than shown in the figure if the state and voters approve additional bonds in the future.
Elections in California

The Top Two Candidates Open Primary Act requires that all candidates for a voter-nominated office be listed on the same ballot. Previously known as partisan offices, voter-nominated offices include state legislative offices, U.S. congressional offices, and state constitutional offices.

In both the open primary and general elections, you can vote for any candidate regardless of what party preference you indicated on your voter registration form. In the primary election, the two candidates receiving the most votes—regardless of party preference—move on to the general election. If a candidate receives a majority of the vote (at least 50 percent +1), a general election still must be held.

California’s open primary system does not apply to candidates running for U.S. President, county central committee, or local offices.

Write-in candidates for voter-nominated offices can still run in the primary election. However, a write-in candidate can only move on to the general election if the candidate is one of the top two vote-getters in the primary election. Additionally, there is no independent nomination process for a general election.

Superintendent of Public Instruction is a nonpartisan office. If a candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction were to receive a majority of the vote (at least 50 percent +1) at the primary election, then that candidate would be elected, and no general election would be held. Additional information on nonpartisan offices can be found below.

California law requires the following information to be printed in this guide.

Party-Nominated/Partisan Offices

Political parties may formally nominate candidates for party-nominated/partisan offices at the primary election. A nominated candidate will represent that party as its official candidate for the specific office at the general election and the ballot will reflect an official designation. The top vote-getter for each party at the primary election moves on to the general election. Parties also elect officers of county central committees at the primary election.

A voter can only vote in the primary election of the political party he or she has disclosed a preference for upon registering to vote. However, a political party may allow a person who has declined to disclose a party preference to vote in that party’s primary election.
Voter-Nominated Offices

Political parties are not entitled to formally nominate candidates for voter-nominated offices at the primary election. A candidate nominated for a voter-nominated office at the primary election is the nominee of the people and not the official nominee of any party at the general election. A candidate for nomination to a voter-nominated office shall have his or her qualified party preference, or lack of qualified party preference, stated on the ballot, but the party preference designation is selected solely by the candidate and is shown for the information of the voters only. It does not mean the candidate is nominated or endorsed by the party designated, or that there is an affiliation between the party and candidate, and no candidate nominated by the voters shall be deemed to be the officially nominated candidate of any political party. In the county Voter Information Guide, parties may list the candidates for voter-nominated offices who have received the party’s official endorsement.

Any voter may vote for any candidate for a voter-nominated office, if they meet the other qualifications required to vote for that office. The top two vote-getters at the primary election move on to the general election for the voter-nominated office even if both candidates have specified the same party preference designation. No party is entitled to have a candidate with its party preference designation move on to the general election, unless the candidate is one of the two highest vote-getters at the primary election.

Nonpartisan Offices

Political parties are not entitled to nominate candidates for nonpartisan offices at the primary election, and a candidate at the primary election is not the official nominee of any party for the specific office at the general election. A candidate for nomination to a nonpartisan office may not designate his or her party preference, or lack of party preference, on the ballot. The top two vote-getters at the primary election move on to the general election for the nonpartisan office.

Top Contributors to State Candidates and Ballot Measures

When a committee (a person or group of people who receive or spend money for the purpose of influencing voters to support or oppose candidates or ballot measures) supports or opposes a ballot measure or candidate and raises at least $1 million, the committee must report its top 10 contributors to the California Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC). The committee must update the top 10 list when there is any change.

These lists are available on the FPPC website at http://www.fppc.ca.gov/transparency/top-contributors.html.
Voter Registration

If you have already registered to vote, you do not need to re-register unless you change your name, home address, mailing address, or if you want to change or select a political party.

You can register to vote online at registertovote.ca.gov or call the Secretary of State’s toll-free Voter Hotline at (800) 345-VOTE (8683) to get a form mailed to you.

Voter registration forms can be found at most post offices, libraries, city and county government offices, county elections offices, and the California Secretary of State’s Office.

Same Day Voter Registration

Did you forget to register or update your voter registration? No Problem! A new law allows you to register to vote and vote until 8:00 p.m. on Election Day at your county elections office or at any vote center or polling place in your county. This process is called Conditional Voter Registration (CVR) and is commonly referred to as Same Day Voter Registration. Here’s how it works:

1. Visit your county elections office, a vote center, or polling place in your county which can be found in your county Voter Information Guide or at vote.ca.gov.
2. Complete a voter registration card.
3. Vote your ballot at your county elections office, vote center, or polling place.
4. Once the county elections official processes your registration and determines you are eligible, you will be registered to vote and your ballot will be counted.

To learn more about Conditional Voter Registration, visit vote.ca.gov.

Vote centers are available for voters living in Amador, Butte, Calaveras, El Dorado, Fresno, Los Angeles, Madera, Mariposa, Napa, Nevada, Orange, Sacramento, San Mateo, Santa Clara, and Tuolumne counties. Visit voterschoice.sos.ca.gov or see page 28 for more information on the Voter’s Choice Act and vote centers.

Voter Registration Privacy Information

Safe at Home Confidential Voter Registration Program: Certain voters facing life-threatening situations (i.e., victims and survivors of domestic violence, stalking, sexual assault, human trafficking, elder/dependent adult abuse) may qualify for confidential voter status if they are active members of the Safe at Home program. For more information, contact the Secretary of State’s Safe at Home program toll-free at (877) 322-5227 or visit sos.ca.gov/registries/safe-home.

Voter Information Privacy: Information on your voter registration affidavit will be used by elections officials to send you official information on the voting process, such as the location of your polling place and the issues and candidates that will appear on the ballot. Commercial use of voter registration information is prohibited by law and is a misdemeanor. Voter information may be provided to a candidate for office, a ballot measure committee, or other person for election, scholarly, journalistic, political, or governmental purposes, as determined by the Secretary of State. Driver license and social security numbers, or your signature as shown on your voter registration card, cannot be released for these purposes. If you have any questions about the use of voter information or wish to report suspected misuse of such information, please call the Secretary of State’s Voter Hotline at (800) 345-VOTE (8683).
Check Your Voter Status Online

Visit the Secretary of State’s My Voter Status page at voterstatus.sos.ca.gov, where you can check your voter status, find your polling place or a vote center, and much more.

Use My Voter Status to:

• See if you are registered to vote and, if so, in what county
• Check your political party preference
• Find your polling place
• Find a vote center (for voters living in Amador, Butte, Calaveras, El Dorado, Fresno, Los Angeles, Madera, Mariposa, Napa, Nevada, Orange, Sacramento, San Mateo, Santa Clara, and Tuolumne counties)
• Find upcoming elections in your area
• Receive your state Voter Information Guide (VIG) by email before each statewide election (see below for more information on opting out of the VIG)
• Find contact information for your county elections office
• Check the status of your vote-by-mail ballot or provisional ballot

To check your voter status you will need to enter your first name, last name, California driver license or identification card number, the last four (4) digits of your social security number, and date of birth.

You can use the My Voter Status tool to opt out of receiving the state VIG. However, if another registered voter in your household requests to get it by mail, a state VIG will still be mailed to your address. If you have opted out and do not receive the state VIG in the mail, information on statewide candidates and ballot measures will still be available on the VIG website (voterguide.sos.ca.gov) before each statewide election.

Go to voterstatus.sos.ca.gov to get started.

Pre-register at sixteen. Vote at eighteen.

Online pre-registration is now available for eligible 16- and 17-year-olds at registertovote.ca.gov or via the paper voter registration form. California youth who pre-register to vote will have their registration become active once they turn 18 years old.

Pre-register in 4 easy steps:

1. Visit registertovote.ca.gov
2. Click the “Pre-register to Vote” button
3. Become automatically registered on your 18th birthday
4. Cast your ballot on Election Day!

What is Pre-registration?

If you are 16 or 17 years old and meet all other voter eligibility requirements, you can pre-register to vote at registertovote.ca.gov.

Simply complete the online pre-registration application and on your 18th birthday, you will automatically be registered to vote.
POLITICAL PARTY STATEMENTS OF PURPOSE

★ REPUBLICAN PARTY ★

The California Republican Party is committed to making California affordable for everyone.
The failed leadership in California has led to a skyrocketing cost of living, a homelessness epidemic, and failing schools. We need new leaders—with a new vision—who will fix the serious problems faced by our state.
We are focused on engaging in and listening to each and every community to make the California dream a reality for millions. California’s diversity is the strength that can bring us together to build a state for future generations to thrive.
We want to make California the land of opportunity—with good paying jobs and affordable homes. We believe hard work should be rewarded with increased opportunity.

California Republican Party
1001 K Street, 4th Floor
Sacramento, CA 95814

We believe every child deserves a world-class education provided by effective, well-paid teachers.
We are committed to finding a long-term, viable, and comprehensive solution to California’s homelessness epidemic.
We believe Californians have the right to feel safe in their homes, their neighborhoods, and throughout the state.
Our doors are open to you and we hope you will decide to help find solutions to California’s serious problems by joining the California Republican Party. Visit www.CAGOP.org to learn more.

(916) 448-9496
Email: Info@cagop.org
Website: www.cagop.org

★ DEMOCRATIC PARTY ★

California Democrats are committed to fighting for working families, regardless of who you are, or who you love. We believe every person deserves to have a job that allows them to provide for themselves and their family.
Californians should have access to safe, affordable housing, and comprehensive, universal healthcare. We believe in the Labor Movement and the collective bargaining rights for workers. We want to expand education and childcare opportunities for youth.
Our planet is facing a climate crisis; we must act now to secure our future. We will lead the fight against climate change and for a green economy. Everyone should have the right to breathe clean air, drink clean water, and enjoy our natural resources.
We strongly support legal protections for our immigrant neighbors. We believe in the full equality of women and LGBTQ individuals; no person should ever be subjected to bullying, harassment, assault, or discrimination because of race, gender or gender identity, sexual orientation, physical disability, economic status, or religion, and no person should live in fear of gun violence.
California Democrats are fighting for an inclusive and progressive future. We invite you to join our effort to continue building the future California deserves.

Rusty Hicks, Chair
California Democratic Party
1830 9th Street
Sacramento, CA 95811

(916) 442-5707
Website: www.cadem.org
Facebook: facebook.com/cadems
Twitter: @CA_Dem

★ LIBERTARIAN PARTY ★

Libertarians stand for something: Respect and Freedom
Respect for each individual’s life and liberty, without government coercion or force. We strive to reduce the use of force, thus increasing happiness, harmony, and prosperity for all.
We believe that the most peaceful, prosperous, socially fair, and tolerant society is one that solves its problems without government force. We believe that social woes like inaccessible healthcare, inadequate social justice, inadequate housing, economic instability, and racial disparity are caused and perpetuated by officials who would rather increase their power instead of solving problems.

Honor “Mimi” Robson, Chair
The Libertarian Party of California
770 L Street, Suite 950
Sacramento, CA 95814

We believe in freedom. For 46 years, the Libertarian Party has been at the forefront of advocating once radical issues like marijuana legalization, marriage equity, school choice, gun rights, transportation competition, and ending mandatory minimum sentences and asset forfeiture laws.
We oppose foreign wars and want to bring our troops home from overseas.
We want to stop giving money and power to the same people who have caused the problems we face today.
It is time for a big change. If you are tired of throwing away your vote, send a message—Vote Libertarian!

(916) 446-1776
Email: office@ca.lp.org
Website: https://ca.lp.org
POLITICAL PARTY STATEMENTS OF PURPOSE

★ AMERICAN INDEPENDENT PARTY ★

The American Independent Party is the party of ordered liberty in a nation under God. We believe in strict adherence to written law. We believe the Constitution is the contract America has with itself. Its willful distortion has led to the violation of our Tenth Amendment guaranteed right to limited government—which inevitably requires oppressive taxation. Its faithful application will lift that burden. Freed from the lawless oppression of Progressive rule, we may then compassionately and justly use our energy and ingenuity to provide for ourselves and our families. We will then establish truly free and responsible enterprise and reassert the basic human right to property.

American Independent Party of California
476 Deodara Street
Vacaville, CA 95688-2637

(707) 359-4884
Email: markyavelli@gmail.com
Website: www.aipca.org

★ PEACE AND FREEDOM PARTY ★

The Peace and Freedom Party is a working class party in a country run by and for the wealthy and their corporations. We should not have to sacrifice our health, our livelihoods, and our planet for billionaires’ profits. Tax the rich, whose wealth is created by workers, to pay for people’s needs.

Our Goals:
Social justice & equality: •Free universal health care for all. •Free education for everyone, preschool through university. •Full immigrant rights; no deportations. •End homelessness, housing for all. •Jobs or Income; labor rights for all. •End racism, LGBTQ and women’s oppression, and all discrimination. •Comprehensive services for disabled people.
Environment: •Reverse Climate change. •Restore and protect the environment.
Justice reform: •Abolish the death penalty. •Stop police abuse and prison torture.
Peace: •No U.S. wars, sanctions, or coups. •No foreign bases. Democracy: •Repeal California’s “top two” election law. •Implement proportional representation.
While capitalism puts the wealthy first, we will continue to suffer war, police brutality, low wages, unsafe workplaces, and pollution. We advocate socialism: the ownership and democratic control of the economy by the people. By taking control of our industries and natural resources, we can make progress for the common good.
Register Peace and Freedom Party!

Peace and Freedom Party
P.O. Box 24764
Oakland, CA 94623

(510) 465-9414
Email: info@peaceandfreedom.org
Website: www.peaceandfreedom.org

★ GREEN PARTY ★

Vote Green for viable solutions to our greatest challenges from inequality to climate change. Greens’ actions match our values because we refuse contributions from corporations.
Since 2010, Green candidates have run on the real Green New Deal. Over 350 California Greens have served in elected office since 1990. Greens’ early vision and leadership has led to successes including cannabis legalization, closing California’s last nuclear power plant, and enabling public banking.
Voting Green means:
ECONOMIC FAIRNESS
• Living wages, green jobs, workers’ rights
• Universal healthcare, free higher education, affordable housing, food security for all
• Reforming Proposition 13 to close corporate loopholes, restore schools and public services
• Taxing the super-rich
ACTION ON THE CLIMATE CRISIS
• Going 100% renewable through publicly-owned, clean energy and efficiency programs

Green Party of California
P.O. Box 485
San Francisco, CA 94104

(916) 448-3437
Email: gPCA@cagreens.org
Website: www.cagreens.org
Social Media: @cagreens
Tips for California’s Military and Overseas Voters

Taking part in elections is more convenient than ever for Californians serving in the military or living outside the United States. It begins when you register to vote as a military or overseas voter and receive election materials by mail, fax, or email.

- **Start early.** California’s county elections officials begin sending ballots to military and overseas voters 60 days before Election Day. Fill out a voter registration application early at registertovote.ca.gov to ensure that you receive your voting materials in time.

- **Know your options.** When registering to vote as a military or overseas voter, you can choose to have your ballot mailed, faxed, or emailed to you. You may return your voted ballot to your county elections official by mail or, in certain circumstances, by fax. If you meet the requirements to return your ballot by fax, you must also fax the Oath of Voter form (available from your county elections official) waiving your right to a confidential ballot.

- **Stay in touch.** Once you register as a military or overseas voter, you will continue to receive a ballot and election materials from your county elections official before each election. We encourage you to update your registration each year, if needed; however, you must re-register to vote if you change your address, your name, or your political party preference, or if you do not participate in four consecutive statewide general elections. Visit sos.ca.gov/elections/voter-registration/military-overseas-voters for more election resources designed especially for you.

**Dates to remember:**

**February 18:** last day to register to vote and request your ballot.

**February 25:** last day to update or change how you want to receive your ballot.

**March 3:** Election Day. Mailed ballots must be postmarked on or before Election Day and received by your county elections office no later than March 6. Faxed ballots must be delivered to your county elections office by close of polls, no later than 8:00 p.m. Pacific Standard Time, on Election Day.

**For more information contact:**

California Secretary of State  
(800) 345-VOTE (8683)  
www.sos.ca.gov/elections/voter-registration/military-overseas-voters/

Federal Voting Assistance Program  
(800) 438-VOTE (8683)  
www.fvap.gov
Provisional Voting

If your name is not on the voter list at your polling place or vote center, you have the right to vote a provisional ballot.

What is a provisional ballot?

A provisional ballot is a regular ballot that is placed in a special envelope prior to being put in the ballot box.

Who casts a provisional ballot?

Provisional ballots are ballots cast by voters who believe they are registered to vote even though their names are not on the official voter registration list at the polling place or vote center.

Vote-by-mail voters may need to cast provisional ballots if the voter wants to vote in person at a polling place or vote center but did not receive their ballot or does not have their ballot with them.

Will my provisional ballot be counted?

Your provisional ballot will be counted after elections officials have confirmed that you are registered to vote in that county and you did not already vote in that election.

You may vote a provisional ballot at any polling place or vote center in the county in which you are registered to vote; however, only the election contests you are eligible to vote for will be counted.

How can you check the status of your provisional ballot?

You can check the status of your provisional ballot at voterstatus.sos.ca.gov.

Alternatively, every voter who casts a provisional ballot has the right to find out from their county elections official if the ballot was counted and, if not, the reason why it was not counted.

Visit sos.ca.gov/elections/ballot-status for a list of county contacts and information on how to check the status of your provisional ballot.
The Voter’s Choice Act
The Future of Voting in California

If you live in Amador, Butte, Calaveras, El Dorado, Fresno, Los Angeles, Madera, Mariposa, Napa, Nevada, Orange, Sacramento, San Mateo, Santa Clara, or Tuolumne County, you can vote in any vote center in your county. Visit voterschoice.sos.ca.gov. Voters in participating counties will have three choices for how to vote:

**Vote by Mail:** You can mail your completed ballot as soon as you receive it. No postage is required.

**Drop Box:** You can drop off your completed ballot at any county drop box as soon as you receive it. No postage is required.

**Vote Center:** Vote centers will replace polling places. You can vote in person at any vote center in your county. Vote centers will be open for a minimum of 11 days, up to and including Election Day.

At every vote center you can:
- Vote in person
- Register to vote or update your registration
- Drop off your completed ballot
- Get a replacement ballot
- Vote using an accessible voting machine
- Get help and voting materials in multiple languages

**Why the change?**
The California Voter’s Choice Act became law in 2016 to make voting more convenient and accessible. You can choose how, when, and where you vote.

**When do I vote?**
You will receive your ballot in the mail weeks before the election. After completing your ballot, you may return it by mail or at any county drop box or vote center. Vote centers will be open for in-person voting for 11 days, up to and including Election Day.

**Where do I find a drop box or vote center?**
You can find a drop box or vote center in your county at sos.ca.gov/elections/voters-choice-act/vca-voting-locations.

**What if I don’t receive my ballot?**
Visit any vote center in your county or call your county elections official to request a replacement.

**What if I’m not in a participating county?**
If you live in a county that’s not currently participating in the Voter’s Choice Act, you will continue to vote either by mail or at a polling place. Contact the Secretary of State’s toll-free Voter Hotline at (800) 345-VOTE (8683) for more information.
How to vote by mail

Who can vote by mail?
Any registered voter can vote by mail. You must request a vote-by-mail ballot from your county elections official at least 7 days before the election, or you can register as a permanent vote-by-mail voter and a ballot will automatically be mailed to you prior to each election.

If you live in Amador, Butte, Calaveras, El Dorado, Fresno, Madera, Mariposa, Napa, Nevada, Orange, Sacramento, San Mateo, Santa Clara, or Tuolumne County, a vote-by-mail ballot will automatically be mailed to you; visit voterschoice.sos.ca.gov or see page 28 of this guide for additional information.

How to get your vote-by-mail ballot
You must request your vote-by-mail ballot no later than February 25. Here’s how:

- Fill out the vote-by-mail application in your county Voter Information Guide
- OR
- Go to vote.ca.gov and fill out the vote-by-mail application

How to return your vote-by-mail ballot
After marking your choices on your vote-by-mail ballot, place it in the official envelope provided by your county elections office and seal it. Sign the envelope where directed. You have multiple options for returning your ballot.

To ensure your ballot arrives by the deadline, return it either:

- By mail—must be postmarked on or before March 3 and received by your county elections office no later than March 6. No postage is required!
- In person—drop off at your county elections office, any vote center or polling place in California, or any ballot drop off location before the polls close at 8:00 p.m. March 3.

State law gives voters the freedom to designate anyone they choose to return their vote-by-mail ballots. However, we recommend that you only sign your completed ballot over to someone you trust. And never hand over your vote-by-mail ballot if you have not sealed and signed the back of the return envelope provided by your county elections office.

Even if you receive your vote-by-mail ballot and envelope, you can still vote in person at your polling place on Election Day. Bring your vote-by-mail ballot to the polling place and give it to a poll worker to exchange for a polling place ballot. If you do not have your vote-by-mail ballot and envelope, you may have to vote using a provisional ballot. This ensures that you have not already cast a ballot. (See page 27 of this guide for more information about provisional ballots.)

Postage pre-paid ballots
‘No Stamp, No Problem’—All California vote-by-mail ballot return envelopes now have pre-paid postage, ensuring that voting is free and convenient for all California voters. After you have filled out your vote-by-mail ballot, place it in the return envelope, seal the envelope, sign on the designated line, and place it into the mailbox.
Assistance for Voters with Disabilities

California is committed to ensuring every voter can cast their ballot privately and independently.

For more detailed information about what assistance your county offers to voters with disabilities, please check out your county Voter Information Guide or contact your county. County contact information is available on page 35 of this guide.

Voting At a Polling Place or Vote Center

If you need help marking your ballot, you may choose up to two people to help you. This person cannot be:

- your employer or anyone who works for your employer
- your labor union leader or anyone who works for your labor union

Curbside voting allows you to park as close as possible to the voting area. Elections officials will bring you a roster to sign, a ballot, and any other voting materials you may need, whether you are actually at a curb or in a car. Contact your county elections office to see if curbside voting is available at your polling place or vote center.

All polling places and vote centers are required to be accessible to voters with disabilities and will have accessible voting machines.

Vote centers are available for voters living in Amador, Butte, Calaveras, El Dorado, Fresno, Los Angeles, Madera, Mariposa, Napa, Nevada, Orange, Sacramento, San Mateo, Santa Clara, and Tuolumne counties. See page 28 for more information on the Voter’s Choice Act and vote centers.

Voting At Home

Remote accessible vote-by-mail (RAVBM) systems provide an accessible option for voters with disabilities to receive their ballots at home and mark them independently and privately before sending them back to elections officials. Contact your county elections official for more information.

Audio & Large Print Voter Information Guides

This guide is available in audio and large print versions. The guide is also available at no cost in English, Chinese, Hindi, Japanese, Khmer, Korean, Spanish, Tagalog, Thai, and Vietnamese.

To order:

- Call the Secretary of State’s toll-free Voter Hotline at (800) 345-VOTE (8683)
- Visit vote.ca.gov
- Download an audio MP3 version at voterguide.sos.ca.gov/en/audio
Frequently Asked Questions

Am I registered to vote?
To be eligible to register to vote in California, you must be:

• A United States citizen and a resident of California,
• 18 years old or older on Election Day,
• Not currently in state or federal prison or on parole for the conviction of a felony, and
• Not currently found mentally incompetent to vote by a court.

To check the status of your voter registration, visit voterstatus.sos.ca.gov.

What if I forgot to register to vote or update my registration?
No Problem! A new law allows you to register to vote and vote until 8:00 p.m. on Election Day at your county elections office or at any vote center or polling place in your county. This process is called Conditional Voter Registration (CVR) and is commonly referred to as Same Day Voter Registration.

Here’s how it works:
1. Visit your county elections office, a vote center, or polling place in your county which can be found in your county Voter Information Guide or at vote.ca.gov.
2. Complete a voter registration card.
3. Vote your ballot at your county elections office, vote center, or polling place.
4. Once the county elections official processes your registration and determines you are eligible, you will be registered to vote and your ballot will be counted.
5. Check if your ballot was counted by visiting voterstatus.sos.ca.gov. County elections offices have until 60 days after Election Day to provide this information.

Where can I learn about candidates and propositions?
Check out your county Voter Information Guide for information about local candidates and measures. On page 10 of this guide, you will find information about the statewide proposition.

California’s voluntary campaign spending limits do not apply to candidates for federal offices including President, U.S. Senate, and the U.S. House of Representatives. All U.S. House of Representatives candidates may buy space for a candidate statement in county Voter Information Guides. Some candidates, however, choose not to buy space for a statement.

State Senate and Assembly candidates may buy space for a candidate statement in the county Voter Information Guides if they agree to keep their campaign spending under a certain dollar amount. State Senate candidates may spend no more than $930,000 in the primary election. State Assembly candidates may spend no more than $620,000 in the primary election.

To find the statements from Presidential candidates, visit the Secretary of State’s website at vote.ca.gov.

To research campaign contributions for state and local candidates, visit the Secretary of State’s website at powersearch.sos.ca.gov.

To research campaign contributions for Presidential and Congressional candidates, visit the Federal Election Commission website at www.fec.gov.
Frequently Asked Questions

On the Secretary of State’s website you can also:

- Research campaign contributions and lobbying activity
- View this voter guide in other languages
- Check your registration status and registration information
- Find your polling place or a vote center on Election Day
- Get vote-by-mail ballot information
- Read helpful information for first-time voters
- Watch live election results after polls close on Election Day
- Learn about exciting election improvements in Amador, Butte, Calaveras, El Dorado, Fresno, Los Angeles, Madera, Mariposa, Napa, Nevada, Orange, Sacramento, San Mateo, Santa Clara, and Tuolumne counties

Where do I vote?

Every county has polling places or vote centers open on Election Day. Many counties also have in-person, early voting locations. To find out the options in your county, visit vote.ca.gov or check your county Voter Information Guide.

You may also call the Secretary of State’s toll-free Voter Hotline at (800) 345-VOTE (8683).

You can also text Vote to GOVOTE (468683) to find the location of your polling place.

If you live in Amador, Butte, Calaveras, El Dorado, Fresno, Madera, Mariposa, Napa, Nevada, Orange, Sacramento, San Mateo, Santa Clara, or Tuolumne County, you can vote in any vote center in your county. Visit voterschoice.sos.ca.gov or see page 28 of this guide for more information.

How do I vote by mail?

Any registered voter can vote by mail. You must request a vote-by-mail ballot from your county elections office at least 7 days before the election. Please see page 35 for your county’s contact information. You can also register as a permanent vote-by-mail voter, and a ballot will automatically be mailed to you prior to each election.

If you live in Amador, Butte, Calaveras, El Dorado, Fresno, Madera, Mariposa, Napa, Nevada, Orange, Sacramento, San Mateo, Santa Clara, or Tuolumne County, a vote-by-mail ballot will automatically be mailed to you. Visit voterschoice.sos.ca.gov or see page 28 of this guide for additional information.

How much is postage for vote by mail?

No stamp, no problem! Postage for vote-by-mail envelopes is pre-paid by the county and free for all voters in California.
How can I return my vote-by-mail ballot?

After marking your choices on your vote-by-mail ballot, place it in the official envelope provided by your county elections office and seal it. Sign the envelope where directed. You have multiple options for returning your ballot.

To ensure your ballot arrives by the deadline, return it either:

- By mail—must be postmarked on or before March 3 and received by your county elections office no later than March 6. No postage is required!
- In person—drop off at your county elections office, any vote center or polling place in California, or any ballot drop-off location before the polls close at 8:00 p.m. on March 3.
- State law gives voters the freedom to designate anyone they choose to return their vote-by-mail ballots. However, we recommend that you only sign your completed ballot over to someone you trust. Never hand over your vote-by-mail ballot if you have not sealed and signed the back of the return envelope provided by your county elections office.

If I am signed up to vote by mail, can I still vote in person?

Even if you signed up to vote by mail, you can still vote in person at your polling place on Election Day. Bring your vote-by-mail ballot to the polling place and give it to a poll worker to exchange for a polling place ballot. If you do not have your vote-by-mail ballot and envelope, you may have to vote using a provisional ballot. This ensures that you have not already cast a ballot. (See page 27 of this guide for more information about provisional ballots.)

Can voters with disabilities vote by mail?

All county elections officials are required to offer an accessible option called remote accessible vote-by-mail (RAVBM). RAVBM allows voters with disabilities to receive their ballots at home and mark them independently and privately before sending them back to elections officials. Contact your county elections official to see if this option is offered in your county.

How do I know the county received my vote-by-mail ballot?

Check if your ballot was counted by visiting voterstatus.sos.ca.gov. County elections offices have up until 60 days after Election Day to provide this information.

Some county elections offices have signed up for the Secretary of State’s new program to track your vote-by-mail ballot. Visit vote.ca.gov to learn about tracking your ballot.

Can I get time off from work to vote?

All employees are eligible for paid time off for the purpose of voting if they do not have enough time outside of working hours to vote.

Employees can be given as much time as they need in order to vote, but only a maximum of two hours is paid. Employers may require employees to give advance notice that they will need additional time off for voting. Employers may require time off to be taken only at the beginning or end of the employee’s shift.

If you have questions, call the Secretary of State’s toll-free Voter Hotline at (800) 345-VOTE (8683).
Frequently Asked Questions continued

**Do I need to show ID to vote?**

In most cases, California voters do not have to show identification before they vote. You may have to show one form of identification at the polling place if you are voting for the first time after registering by mail or online and you did NOT provide the following on your application:

- State-issued driver license or identification number, or
- The last four digits of your social security number

Following are some of the acceptable types of identification according to state and federal laws:
- Driver license or state-issued identification
- Passport
- Employee identification
- Military identification

For the full list, see “Polling Place ID Requirements” at https://sos.ca.gov/elections/hava-id-standards.

**How can I help?**

Participate as a Poll Worker! Gain hands-on experience and take part in the single most important part of our democracy—voting!

To serve as a poll worker, you must be:
- A U.S. citizen or legal permanent resident, or
- An eligible high school student

Poll workers:
- Set up and close a polling place
- Help voters understand their rights
- Protect ballots and voting equipment
- Earn extra money (amount varies by county)
- Contribute to their community and meet their neighbors

To serve as a high school poll worker, a student must:
- Be a U.S. citizen or legal permanent resident
- Be at least 16 years old on Election Day
- Attend a public or private high school
- Have at least a 2.5 grade point average
- Get permission from their parents and school
- Attend a training session

For more information about being a poll worker, contact your county elections office (see page 35 of this guide), call the California Secretary of State at (800) 345-VOTE (8683), or visit vote.ca.gov.
## County Elections Offices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Phone Numbers and Websites</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alameda County</td>
<td>(510) 272-6933, <a href="http://www.acvote.org">www.acvote.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alpine County</td>
<td>(530) 694-2281, <a href="http://www.alpinecountyca.gov">www.alpinecountyca.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amador County</td>
<td>(209) 223-6465, <a href="http://www.amadorgov.org/government/elections">www.amadorgov.org/government/elections</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butte County</td>
<td>(530) 538-7761 or (800) 894-7761 (within Butte County), <a href="http://www.buttevotes.net">www.buttevotes.net</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calaveras County</td>
<td>(209) 754-6376 or (209) 754-6375, <a href="http://www.calaverasgov.us">www.calaverasgov.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colusa County</td>
<td>(530) 458-0500 or (877) 458-0501, <a href="http://www.countyofcolusa.org/elections">www.countyofcolusa.org/elections</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contra Costa County</td>
<td>(925) 335-7800, <a href="http://www.contra">www.contra</a> costacare.us</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Del Norte County</td>
<td>(707) 465-0383 or (707) 464-7216, <a href="http://www.co.del-norte.ca.us">www.co.del-norte.ca.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>El Dorado County</td>
<td>(530) 621-7480 or (800) 730-4322, <a href="http://www.edcgov.us/Elections">www.edcgov.us/Elections</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresno County</td>
<td>(559) 600-9683, <a href="http://www.fresnovote.com">www.fresnovote.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glenn County</td>
<td>(530) 934-6414, <a href="http://www.countyofglenn.net/dept/elections/welcome">www.countyofglenn.net/dept/elections/welcome</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humboldt County</td>
<td>(707) 445-7481, <a href="http://www.humboldtgov.org/890/Elections-Voter-Registration">www.humboldtgov.org/890/Elections-Voter-Registration</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imperial County</td>
<td>(442) 265-1060 or (442) 265-1074, <a href="http://www.co.imperial.ca.us/regvoters">www.co.imperial.ca.us/regvoters</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inyo County</td>
<td>(760) 878-0224, <a href="http://elections.inyocounty.us/">http://elections.inyocounty.us/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kern County</td>
<td>(661) 868-3590, <a href="http://www.kernvote.com">www.kernvote.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kings County</td>
<td>(559) 852-4401, <a href="http://www.countyofkings.com">www.countyofkings.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake County</td>
<td>(707) 263-2372, <a href="http://www.co.lake.ca.us/Government/Directory/ROV.htm">www.co.lake.ca.us/Government/Directory/ROV.htm</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lassen County</td>
<td>(530) 291-8217, <a href="http://www.lassencounty.org/dept/county-clerk-recorder/elections">http://www.lassencounty.org/dept/county-clerk-recorder/elections</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Los Angeles County</td>
<td>(800) 815-2666, <a href="http://www.lavote.net">www.lavote.net</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Madera County</td>
<td>(559) 675-7720 or (800) 435-0509, <a href="http://www.votemadera.com">www.votemadera.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marin County</td>
<td>(415) 473-6456, marinvotes.org</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Merced County</td>
<td>(209) 385-7541 or (800) 561-0619, <a href="http://www.mercedelections.org">www.mercedelections.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modoc County</td>
<td>(530) 233-6205, <a href="http://www.co.modoc.ca.us/departments/elections">www.co.modoc.ca.us/departments/elections</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mono County</td>
<td>(760) 932-5537 or (760) 932-5530, monocounty.ca.gov/elections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monterey County</td>
<td>(831) 796-1499 or (866) 887-9274, <a href="http://www.montereycountyelections.us/">www.montereycountyelections.us/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Napa County</td>
<td>(707) 253-4321, <a href="http://www.countyofnapa.org">www.countyofnapa.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada County</td>
<td>(530) 265-1298, <a href="http://www.mnevadacounty.com/1847/Elections-Voting">http://www.mnevadacounty.com/1847/Elections-Voting</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orange County</td>
<td>(714) 567-7600, <a href="http://www.ocvote.com">www.ocvote.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Placer County</td>
<td>(530) 886-5650, <a href="http://www.placerlections.com">www.placerlections.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plumas County</td>
<td>(530) 283-6256 or (844) 676-VOTE, <a href="https://www.plumascounty.us/142/Elections-Division-Home">https://www.plumascounty.us/142/Elections-Division-Home</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Riverside County</td>
<td>(951) 486-7200, <a href="http://www.voteinfo.net">www.voteinfo.net</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sacramento County</td>
<td>(916) 875-6451, <a href="http://www.elections.saccounty.net">www.elections.saccounty.net</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Benito County</td>
<td>(831) 636-4016, sbcvote.us</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Bernardino County</td>
<td>(909) 387-8300, <a href="http://www.sbcountyelections.com">www.sbcountyelections.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Diego County</td>
<td>(619) 565-5800 or (800) 696-0136, <a href="http://www.sdvote.com">www.sdvote.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Francisco County</td>
<td>(415) 554-4375, sfelections.org</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Joaquin County</td>
<td>(209) 468-2890 or (209) 468-2885, <a href="http://www.sjcrov.org">www.sjcrov.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Luis Obispo County</td>
<td>(805) 781-5228 or (805) 781-5080, <a href="http://www.slovote.com">www.slovote.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Mateo County</td>
<td>(650) 312-5222, <a href="http://www.smcare.org">www.smcare.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Santa Barbara County</td>
<td>(805) 568-2200, <a href="http://www.sbcvote.com">www.sbcvote.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Santa Clara County</td>
<td>(408) 299-8683 or (866) 430-8683, <a href="http://www.sccvote.org">www.sccvote.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Santa Cruz County</td>
<td>(831) 454-2060, <a href="http://www.votescount.com">www.votescount.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shasta County</td>
<td>(530) 225-5730 or (888) 560-8683, <a href="http://www.elections.co.shasta.ca.us">www.elections.co.shasta.ca.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sierra County</td>
<td>(530) 289-3295, <a href="http://www.sierracounty.ca.gov/214/Elections">http://www.sierracounty.ca.gov/214/Elections</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Siskiyou County</td>
<td>(530) 842-8084 or (888) 854-2000 ext. 8084, <a href="http://www.sisqvotes.org">www.sisqvotes.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solano County</td>
<td>(707) 794-6675, <a href="http://www.solanocounty.com/elections">www.solanocounty.com/elections</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sonoma County</td>
<td>(707) 565-6800, vote.sonoma-county.org</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stanislaus County</td>
<td>(209) 525-5200, <a href="http://www.stanvote.com">http://www.stanvote.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sutter County</td>
<td>(530) 822-7122, <a href="http://www.suttercounty.org/elections">www.suttercounty.org/elections</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tehama County</td>
<td>(530) 527-8190, <a href="http://www.co.tehama.ca.us/gov-departments/elections">http://www.co.tehama.ca.us/gov-departments/elections</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Trinity County</td>
<td>(530) 623-1220, <a href="https://www.trinitycounty.org/Elections">https://www.trinitycounty.org/Elections</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tulare County</td>
<td>(559) 624-7300, <a href="http://www.tularecoelections.org/elections">http://www.tularecoelections.org/elections</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tuolumne County</td>
<td>(209) 533-5570, <a href="http://www.co.tuolumne.ca/elections">www.co.tuolumne.ca/elections</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ventura County</td>
<td>(805) 654-2664, <a href="https://recorder.countyofventura.org/elections/">https://recorder.countyofventura.org/elections/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yolo County</td>
<td>(530) 666-8133, yolelections.org</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yuba County</td>
<td>(530) 749-7855, <a href="http://www.yubaelections.org">www.yubaelections.org</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DATES TO REMEMBER!

REMEMBER TO VOTE!
Polls are open from 7:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. on Election Day!

**FEBRUARY**

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<tr>
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**February 3, 2020**
First day to vote-by-mail.

**February 18, 2020**
Last day to register to vote. You can “conditionally” register and vote at your county elections office or polling location after the voter registration deadline.

**February 25, 2020**
Last day that county elections officials will accept any voter’s application for a vote-by-mail ballot.

**MARCH**

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**March 3, 2020**
Election Day!
All Californians count, and we need to be sure that every member of our household, regardless of citizenship status, gets counted in the 2020 Census! That includes infants, renters, family members, and non-family members who live at your address. Learn more about the 2020 Census at [californiacensus.org](http://californiacensus.org).